

# Solihull JSNA 2018/19 Infographic Summary

# Life Expectancy in Solihull

Male Life Expectancy 2014/16

Solihull 80.4 years

England 79.5 years



Female Life Expectancy 2014/16

Solihull 84.2 years

England 83.1 years

LE in Solihull has Increased over Last 10 Years: +2.2 years males, +1.2 years females

But Unchanged over last 5 Years

LE is 11 Years longer in Solihull's Most Affluent Wards than in the Least Affluent Wards Inequality in LE in Solihull is increasing

Inequality in LE in Solihull is **Above** the England average due to very **high** levels of LE among **least deprived 10% population** 

People in the Most Affluent Wards

13 Years of Disability Starting in their 70s



People in the Least Affluent Wards

20 Years of Disability Starting in their mid 50s

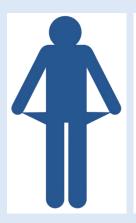
Changes in LE and HLE mean that like England as a whole, people in Solihull can expect more years of illness or disability at the end of their life than 5 years ago

# **Inequality in Solihull**

Solihull is one of the **least deprived** LAs in the West Midlands Ranked 41 out of 152 upper tier LAs in England

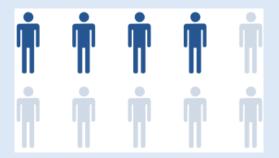
31% of population live in the least deprived 10% areas in England

**20%** of population in least deprived 5%



11% of population live in the most deprived 10% areas in England

**6%** of population in most deprived 5%



4 out of 10 people in North Solihull live in the most deprived 10% of areas in England



25 out of 30 most deprived areas in Solihull are in North Solihull

#### **Demand Pressures in Solihull**

Sources of **Demand Pressure** in Solihull



Ageing Population

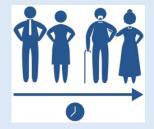


Improving Identification of Need



Societal Changes

Solihull demand pressures are common to England. Most local trends are evident nationally



**Examples of Sources of Increasing Demand** 

Older people with **Dementia**Frail Older People with Care & Support Needs

Life Expectancy for Adults with a Learning Disability



School pupils identified as having an Autistic Spectrum Disorder Adults reporting Depression & Anxiety



Children in Year Six Classified as Obese Adults with Diabetes Alcohol Related Hospital Admissions

#### **Managing Demand Pressures in Solihull**

77% of Patients would recommend their GP

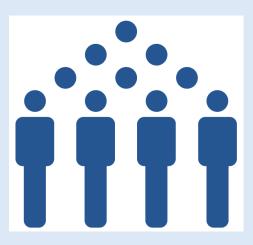
89% of AC&S clients say services help them have a better quality of life

Access to High
Quality Care
& Support

Health Protection

92% of children have an MMR vaccination by age 2

73% of older people had a flu jab



Diabetes diagnosis rate of 81%

52% of 40-74 year olds getting a Health Check

71% of women 50-74 getting Breast Cancer Screening

Early
Intervention
& Prevention

Dementia diagnosis rate of 62%

Reablement effectiveness rate of 84%

Homelessness prevention increased by 90% in 3 years

#### **Best Start in Life – Maternal & Early Years**

In 2016 there were more **births** per 1,000 in Solihull than England.

But **fewer** to mothers **under 20** and **over 40** 

**Still births** are becoming rarer in Solihull

The borough has one of the **lowest infant mortality** rates in the
region



Smoking at the time of delivery is falling - 15% in 2011 to 10% in 2017

Just 3% of Solihull babies are born with a low birth weight

Breastfeeding
Initiation
in Solihull is relatively low

70% compared to 74% for England





92% of Solihull 2 year olds have an MMR Vaccination. But coverage fell in 2017/18



At end of
Reception 72%
achieve a Good
level of
development



Emergency admissions and A&E attendances for under 5s are rising

But Solihull rate is lower than England for both

# Best Start in Life – School Years



Obesity is below average in Solihull Rising among Year 6 children 22% of Year 6 pupils in North Solihull Obese



Healthy eating declines with age and is lower in boys
Participation in physical exercise declines with age, lowest in older girls

9 out of 14 secondary schools perform better than the England average at KS4



The % of persistent absentees is well above average at Solihull Secondary schools as is the permanent exclusion rate

44% of secondary pupils have high self esteem with the % rising with age

**Bullying** is an issue for some – 24% primary, 21% secondary pupils



Social media use rises with age 19% primary chat to people they have never met 35% of secondary say they have seen an image online that upset them

#### **Best Start in Life – Lifestyles & Transition**

Nationally, 1 in 8 children & young people have a mental health disorder, trending upwards

Solihull **referrals** to NHS Childrens Mental Health Services **rising** as are **hospital admissions** 



**Risk factors** include family income, parental experience of MH, adverse life events and substance misuse

**Self Harm** admissions for 15-19 year olds are **trending upwards**.

Rate highest among **girls** 



Substance Misuse admissions are below England. Fell in latest 3 year period, but long-term trend is upwards

Under 18 Admissions for alcohol are below average
But rising recently among males



The Solihull **teenage conception** rate is 2<sup>nd</sup> lowest in
WM and **falling** 

The Solihull **NEET** Rate is one of the **lowest** in WM 4.8% vs 6% for England



The % of 19 year olds qualified to L3 is above England average (62% vs 56%) and rising

# Best Start in Life – Vulnerable Young People

Solihull has a relatively **high** number of **Looked After Children**. The number of **Unaccompanied Asylum Seeking Children** is one of highest outside London & SE

The number of LAC in Solihull is increasing, but this is consistent with other WM LAs



The mental & emotional health of LAC in Solihull is one of the best in the WM

**Domestic abuse** is becoming a more common factor in children becoming LAC

Care Leaver outcomes relating to suitable accommodation and Employment,

Education & Training are above England average and improving

Main reasons for Child Protection Neglect (45%), Emotional Abuse (26%), Physical Abuse (17%)



Small decrease in the number of Child Protection cases open at year end since 2012/13, contrasting with rise across England (-3% Solihull, +25% England).

#### Best Start in Life - Disadvantaged Young People

The number of Solihull secondary school pupils with a **Special Educational Need** is **above England** average



The number of Solihull pupils receiving SEN Support is rising
The number with a Statement or EHCP has fallen slightly

Educational Outcomes for Solihull SEN pupils are good, but exclusion rate is too high

Nationally, between 1% and 1.5% of the population have an **Autistic Spectrum Disorder**.

Approximately **467** children in Solihull (384 boys, 75 girls)

3% of all pupils at a Solihull school have ASD as a primary SEN need.

Number more than doubled 2014-18 (+128% vs +58% for England)



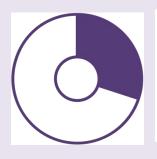
Reflects increasing awareness and recognition by service providers, no evidence that prevalence of autism is increasing in population.

16% of 0-15 year olds in Solihull live in a low income family (17% England)



Up to 40% of children live in low income families in some parts of North Solihull

#### Living Well – Adult Health



1 in 3 Deaths in England are **Premature** (under age 75)



2 in 3 premature deaths are **Preventable** 

Cancer is the biggest cause of Premature Mortality – twice as common as CVD

Premature Mortality in Solihull is lower than England – but higher in North Solihull



Premature **Cancer**Mortality **Down 16%** in 10 Years in Solihull



Premature **Liver Disease** Mortality **Up 16%** in 10 Years in Solihull

Premature Mortality from CVD and Respiratory Disease also falling







**52%** of Solihull 40-74 year olds received an NHS **Health Check** in last 5 years (44% England)

#### **Living Well – Adults with Care Needs**

Permanent admissions to care homes one of lowest in WM (9.0 per 100,000 vs 14.0 for England)



Proportionally more adult AC&S clients receive **Direct Payments** than England

An estimated **13,000** Solihull 18-64 year olds have a Moderate or Serious Physical Disability



An estimated **1,100** Solihull 18-64 year olds have a Serious Personal Care Disability



1 in 6 adults have a Common Mental Illness – 20,000 18-64 in Solihull More common in women (22%) than men (14%)

Higher rates in North Solihull links to homelessness, poverty, caring & ACEs



Solihull GP Surveys show an **Upward Trend** since 2012/13 in adults with **Depression & Anxiety** and **Long-term MH problem** 

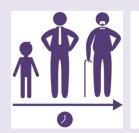
Premature mortality 3 ½ times more likely in Solihull adults with Severe Mental Illness than general population (3.7 times more likely across England)

#### **Living Well – Adults with Learning Disabilities**

Life Expectancy is lower for people with a Learning Disability, but increasing



LD Females in England66 Years Life Expectancy18 lower than non-LD



LD Males in England66 Years Life Expectancy14 lower than non-LD

**Epilepsy** is **25 times** more common in LD population. **Mental ill health** and other conditions such as dementia, diabetes and strokes also more prevalent

18+ Solihull population with a severe/moderate LD projected to **increase** by **5%** 2017-2030

During 2017/18 **571** Learning Disability adults received **Long-Term Support** from Solihull AC&S 89% aged 18-64, 11% aged 65+



**71% Community Care 29% Residential/Nursing Care**(England 78%, 22%)

77% of Solihull 18-64 year olds with LD **live independently** (with parents or on their own)





Just **3.1%** of LD adults are in paid **work** (6.0% England)

# Living Well – Lifestyles



64% of Solihull adultsphysically active (23% inactive)55% eat 5 a Day



63% of Solihull adults are
Overweight or Obese
Nationally higher among men & in
most deprived areas

7% adult patients in Solihull recorded as having **Diabetes** and the rate is **rising**North Solihull GPs have the highest prevalence

The Solihull **Diabetes Diagnosis** rate is nearly **81%** (77% England)

10.5% of Solihull adults smoke and the rate is falling (15% England)

More people in routine & manual occupations smoke (21% in Solihull) but rate falling



**Hospital admissions** related to smoking are among lowest in WM

Smoking related **mortality** is lower than England and falling

**Men** are much more likely than **women** to drink at harmful levels, be admitted to hospital and die from alcohol conditions



Alcohol related **Hospital Admissions** are **rising** in Solihull

#### **Living Well – Inclusive Growth & Employment**



Solihull **GVA** per head is **34% higher** than UK Average



Solihull is the **fastest growing labour market**outside London (2010-2017)

77% of 16-64 year olds in Solihull are in **Employment** (75% for England)



Employment Inequalities
No Qualifications (42%)
Disabilities (49%)

50% of ESA Claimants haveMental Health issues2,800 people in Solihull



Claimant Unemployment

5<sup>1/2</sup> times **higher** in

North Solihull than rest of borough

Adult Qualification levels in Solihull in-line with England average

39% qualified to **Degree** level 18% low skills (8% no qualifications)



25% in North Solihull have No Qualifications

#### **Ageing Well – Health in the Older Population**

Life Expectancy at Age 65 in Solihull is Above the England Average

Male LE at 65

Female LE at 65

Solihull 19.4 years Solihull 19.4 years

England 18.8 years

Solihull 22.2 years

England 21.1 years

Life Expectancy at 65 is **7 Years Longer** for the **Least Deprived** sections of the Solihull population compared with the **Most Deprived** 

23% of Solihull 65+ population has a severely restricting long-term illness or disability 52% for 85+



Projected increase in LLTI 2017-30

**30%** for 65+ (3,100 people)

**48%** for 85+ (1,500 people)



Over half of **Excess Winter Deaths** involve those aged 85+ **Respiratory disease** account for 35% of EWD, **circulatory disease** 23%

Like England as a whole EWD increased in 3 years 2014/17 due to adverse winter temperatures in 2015 and 2017 and high flu incidence

#### **Ageing Well – Older People with Care Needs**

Around 3,300 older people in Solihull have Dementia (7% 65+ Population)

Prevalence rises with age: 24% of 85+ population predicted to have Dementia

60% of Dementia sufferers die in their usual place of residence (67% England)



Solihull **Dementia Diagnosis**Rate less than England average
(62% vs 68%)

An estimated 19% of 65+ population unable to manage at least one Mobility Activity (45% 85+)



By 2030 there could be an extra **1,500**Solihull people aged **85+** unable to manage a mobility task (+49%)

Emergency Admissions for **Falls** is **above** the England average Rate for those **80+** is **5**<sup>1/2</sup> times that of 75-79 year olds



The Solihull **Hip Fracture** rate is in-line with England
They are more common in **women**but the rate is **rising** among **men** 

#### **Ageing Well – Providing Care for Older People**

Fewer Older People in Solihull received funded long-term social care support than England (44 per 1,000 vs 56 per 1,000 in 2017/18)

66% of all new requests for AC&S support in 2017/18 were from someone aged 75+ (37% 85+)

Permanent admissions to care homes one of lowest in WM

(589 per 100,000 vs 585 for England)





Reablement is effective (84% still at home 91 days later)
But % of older people offered the service is below average



Historically, **Delayed Transfers of Care from Hospital** have been a challenge in Solihull, but rate is now **in-line** with England average

Delayed days attributable to Social Care are trending downwards



85% of AC&S users are satisfied with services 89% say that care & support helps them have a better quality of life



Social Contact is an issue for 1 in 5 Solihull ASC clients and Doing Things they Enjoy a problem for 1 in 3



73% of Solihull 65+ population received a flu jab

# Ageing Well – Older People & the Community

**Social Isolation** and **Loneliness** can increases the risk of developing conditions such as heart disease, stroke, dementia and depression

4,000 older people in Solihull Intensely Lonely

(National Prevalence)



Lonely Older People

**1.8 times** more likely to visit **GP** 

**3.5 times** more likely to end up in LA residential care

About 8,000 people in Solihull provide unpaid care for 50+ hours per week 50% of all carers provide care for someone aged 75 and over



Survey evidence shows caring can negatively impact on a carers health, finances and quality of life

One in four carers think they are neglecting themselves

By 2030 there could be **4,000** more Solihull residents aged **75+ living alone** (+39%)



Over half of all Solihull people aged 65+ living alone live in a property with three or more bedrooms (55% compared to 43% England)

#### **Sustainable & Healthy Places – Communities**

84% of Solihull residents
Satisfied with their Local Area
as a Place to Live



79% of Solihull residents say
People Get on Well
Together in their Local Area

Most cited aspects of the local neighbourhood that **definitely need Improving** 

Repairs



Congestion



**Level of Crime** 



**42%** of Solihull residents **Volunteered** in last 12

months



Participation highest East Solihull (57%)
Aged 30-49 (50%)

#### Sustainable & Healthy Places – Housing

High levels of Home Ownership in Solihull (75% vs 64% for England)

Housing Costs in Solihull are high and rising.

15% of stock is Affordable Housing (lower than WM average)

Overcrowding is relatively low (2.6% vs 4.6% for England)

Fuel Poverty is the lowest in WM and falling



12% of North Solihull households in Housing Need (3% rest of borough)

#### Homelessness

Acceptance rate is nearly double the England average (Ranked 26 out of 322 LAs)



The Number of Households
benefiting from Homeless

Prevention & Relief has risen
sharply in last 2 years (+90%)

Less than 100 households in Temporary Accommodation at the end of 2017/18

1.1 per 1,000 households, compared to England average of 3.4 per 1,000

#### Sustainable & Healthy Places – Environment & Transport

#### **IMD Living Environment**:

**36%** of Solihull population in least deprived quartile (2% in most deprived quartile)



70% of Solihull is **Green Belt**There are 15 **Green Flag**parks in Solihull

6% of Solihull deaths attributable to particulate pollution (England 5%)

Solihull CO<sup>2</sup> Emissions higher than England Average

Transport accounts for 46% of Emissions



Domestic & Commercial
Emissions are falling
Emissions from Motorway
traffic rising

Car ownership in Solihull higher than England Average
But 1 in 3 households in North Solihull have no vehicle access



14% of Solihull residents commute by Public Transport (England 18%)



8% of Solihull residents

Cycle or Walk to work

(England 14%)

#### **Sustainable & Healthy Places – Safer Communities**

54% of residents feel Safe
After Dark in Local Area
32% feel Unsafe



Fear of Crime higher
Among Women (38%)
North Solihull residents (41%)

1 in 3 victims of crime aged 18-35

Victimisation **falls** sharply for **over 55s** 



1st time offending in
Solihull is 24% lower than
England
Decreased 31% in 5 years

An estimated **4,200** Solihull women are victims of **domestic abuse** every year **1,200** children under 18 exposed to domestic abuse every year

Domestic Violence accounts for 1 in 4 Repeat Victimisation



Partner Violence
accounts for 1 in 5
Homeless Acceptances

The headlines presented in this infographic can be read in full in the JSNA Evidence Summary 2018/19 available on the Solihull <u>Information & Intelligence</u> webpages. The table below provides links to that document and the original sources.

Section	Measure	JSNA Page Reference	Source
Life Expectancy in	Life Expectancy 2014/16	Pages 1-5	Public Health Outcomes Framework
Solihull	Healthy Life expectancy 2014/16	Pages 1-5	Public Health Outcomes Framework
Inequality in Solihull	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015	Pages 5-6	Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government: English indices of deprivation 2015
Demand Pressures in Solihull	Various	Pages 6-8	N/A
	Live Births 2016	Page 9	Public Health England: Child health profiles
	Still Births 2014/16	Page 9	Public Health England: Child health profiles
	Infant Mortality 2014/16	Page 9	Public Health England: Child health profiles
Best Start in Life Maternal & Early Years	Smoking at Time of Delivery 2017/18	Page 9	Public Health England: Child health profiles
	Low birth weight babies 2016	Page 9	Public Health England: Child health profiles
	Breast Feeding Initiation 2016/17	Page 10	Public Health Outcomes Framework
	MMR Vaccinations 2017/18	Page 10	Public Health England: Child health profiles

Section	Measure	JSNA Page Reference	Source
	Early Years Foundation Stage Profile 2017	Page 13	Department for Education: <u>Early years</u> foundation stage profile results 2016 to 2017
Best Start in Life Maternal & Early Years	Emergency Admissions 0-4 Year Olds 2016/17	Page 11	Public Health England: Child health profiles
	A&E Attendances 0-4 Year Olds 2016/17	Page 12	Public Health England: Child health profiles
	Childhood Obesity 2016/17	Page 15	Public Health England: NCMP and Child Obesity Profiles
	Healthy Eating & Exercise 2018	Page 14	Schools Health Education Unit: Solihull Health Related Behaviour Survey 2018
Best Start in Life	KS4 Attainment 2016/17	Page 16	Department for Education: Revised GCSE & Equivalent Results in England 2016 to 2017
School Years	School Absence 2016/17	Page 17	Department for Education: <u>Pupil absence in schools in England 2016 to 2017</u>
	School Exclusions 2016/17	Page 17	Department for Education: Permanent and fixed period exclusions in England 2016 to 2017
	Self Esteem, Bullying & Social Media Use 2018	Page 18	Schools Health Education Unit: Solihull Health Related Behaviour Survey 2018
Best Start in Life Lifestyles & Transitions	Mental Health Prevalence in Children & Young People 2017	Page 19	NHS Digital: <u>The mental health of children and</u> young people in England 2017
	Solihull Referrals to NHS Children Mental Health Services 2018	Page 21	NHS Digital: Mental health services referrals and care contacts for children and young people aged 0-18

		JSNA Page	
Section	Measure	Reference	Source
	Mental Health Hospital Admissions among Young People 2016/17	Page 22	Public Health England: Child Health Profiles
	Hospital Admissions for Self Harm among Young People 2016/17	Page 22	Public Health England: Child Health Profiles
	Hospital Admissions for Substance Misuse 2014/15 to 2016/17	Page 23	Public Health England: Child Health Profiles
Best Start in Life Lifestyles & Transition	Under 18 Alcohol Admissions 2014/15 to 2016/17	Page 24	Public Health England: <u>Local alcohol profiles</u>
	Teenage Conception Rate 2016	Page 26	Public Health Outcomes Framework
	NEET Rate 2016	Page 27	Public Health England: Child Health Profiles
	Qualified to L3 by Age 19 2017	Page 28	Department for Education: <u>Level 2 and 3</u> attainment by young people aged 19 in 2017
Best Start in Life	Looked After Children Rate 2017	Page 33	Department for Education: Children looked after in England including adoption 2016 to 2017
Vulnerable Young People	Mental & Emotional Health of LAC 2016/17	Page 34	Public Health England: <u>Local alcohol profiles</u>
	Child Protection 2017/18	Page 32	Department for Education: <u>Characteristics of children in need 2017-18</u>
Best Start in Life	Special Educational Needs 2018	Page 28	Department for Education: Special educational needs in England January 2018
Disadvantaged Young People	Autism Spectrum Disorder Prevalence 2017	Page 30	NHS Digital: <u>The Mental Health of Children</u> and Young People Survey 2017

Section	Measure	JSNA Page Reference	Source
	SEN Pupils with a Primary Need of ASD 2018	Page 31	Department for Education: Special educational needs in England January 2018
Best Start in Life Disadvantaged Young	Homelessness Acceptances among Young People 2016/17	Page 37	Ministry for Housing, Communities & Local Government: <u>Live tables on homelessness</u>
People	Young People with a Housing Need 2018	Page 37	SMBC Local Data from Housing Register 2018
	0-15 Year Olds Living in a Low Income Family 2016	Page 35	HMRC: <u>Personal tax credits - Children in low</u> <u>income families 2016</u>
	Premature Deaths in England 2014/16	Page 38	Department of Health: <u>Living Well for Longer</u>
Living Well	Preventable Deaths in England 2014/16	Page 37	Public Health Outcomes Framework
Adult Health	Premature Mortality by Disease 2014/16	Page 39	Public Health Outcomes Framework
	NHS Health Checks 2013/14 to 2017/18	Age 42	Public Health Outcomes Framework
Living Well Adults with Care Needs	Adult Social Care – permanent Admissions & Direct Payments 2017/18	Page 44	NHS Digital: Adult social care activity and finance report 2017/18
	Prevalence of Adults with a Physical Disability 2017	Page 44	Institute of Public Care: Projecting Adult Needs and Service Information (PANSI)
	Prevalence of Adults with a Mental Health Needs 2017	Page 46	Institute of Public Care: Projecting Adult Needs and Service Information (PANSI)

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	Patients with Anxiety Depression 2016/17	Page 47	Public Health England: <u>National General</u> <u>Practice Profiles</u>
Living Well Adults with Care Needs	Patients with Long-term Mental Health Problems 2016/17	Page 48	Public Health England: <u>National General</u> <u>Practice Profiles</u>
	Premature Mortality due to Mental Health Problems 2014/15	Page 49	Public Health Outcomes Framework
	Life Expectancy of Adults with a Learning Disability 2017	Page 46	NHS Digital: <u>Health and care of people with</u> <u>learning disabilities 2016/17</u>
Living Well Adults with Learning Disability	Prevalence of Adults with a Learning Disability 2017	Page 45	Institute of Public Care: Projecting Adult Needs and Service Information (PANSI)
Disasinty	Social care Support for Adults with a Learning Disability 2017/18	Page 45	NHS Digital: Adult social care activity and finance report 2017/18
	Physical Activity in Adults 2016/17	Page 50	Public Health Outcomes Framework
	Healthy Easting in Adults 2016/17	Page 51	Public Health Outcomes Framework
	Obesity in Adults 2016/17	Page 51	Public Health Outcomes Framework
Living Well Lifestyles	Diabetes Prevalence 2016/17	Page 52	Public Health England: <u>Diabetes profile</u>
	Diabetes Diagnosis Rate 2017	Page 52	Public Health England: <u>Diabetes profile</u>
	Adult Smoking Rate 2017	Page 53	Public Health England: <u>Local tobacco control</u> <u>profiles</u>
	Hospital Admissions due to Smoking 2016/17	Page 54	Public Health England: <u>Local tobacco control</u> <u>profiles</u>

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Living Well	Smoking Related Mortality 2014/16	Page 55	Public Health England: <u>Local tobacco control</u> <u>profiles</u>
Lifestyles	Alcohol Related Hospital Admissions 2016/17	Page 55	Public Health England: <u>Local alcohol profiles</u>
	GVA and Economic Growth 2017	Page 58	ONS: Regional Gross Value Added (Balanced Approach) 2017
	Jobs & Job Density 2017	Page 58	ONS/Nomis: <u>Business Register and</u> <u>Employment Survey 2017</u>
Living Well Inclusive Growth	Employment Rate 2017	Page 59	ONS/Nomis: <u>Annual Population Survey</u>
Employment	Employment & Support Allowance Claimants 2018	Page 61	Department of Work & Pensions/Nomis: <u>Employment &amp; Support Allowance</u>
	Claimant Unemployment Rate 2018	Page 61	ONS/Nomis: Claimant Count November 2018
	Adult Skills 2017	Page 63	ONS/Nomis: <u>Annual Population Survey</u>
Ageing Well Health in the Older Population	Life Expectancy at Age 65 2014/16	Page 65	Public Health Outcomes Framework
	Older People with Limiting Long-Term Illness Prevalence Estimates 2017	Page 72	Institute of Public Care: Projecting Older People Population information (POPPI)
	Excess Winter Deaths 2016/17	Page 65	ONS: Excess winter mortality in England and Wales

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	Dementia Prevalence 2017	Page 70	Institute of Public Care: Projecting Older People Population information (POPPI)
	Place of death of Older People with dementia 2016	Page 71	Public Health England: End of life care profiles
Ageing Well	Dementia Diagnosis Rate 2018	Page 71	Public Health Outcomes Framework
Older People with Care Needs	Prevalence of Older People who Need Help with Mobility 2017	Page 67	Institute of Public Care: Projecting Older People Population information (POPPI)
	Emergency Hospital Admissions for Falls 2016/17	Page 68	Public Health Outcomes Framework
	Hip fracture rate 2016/17	Page 69	Public Health Outcomes Framework
Ageing Well Providing Care for Older People	Older People Funded Social Care including admissions, rablement, delayed transfers 2017/18	Page 73	NHS Digital: Adult social care activity and finance report 2017/18
	Adult Social Care Survey 2017/18	Page 75	NHS Digital: Adult Social Care Survey 2017/18
	Flu vaccinations 2017/18	Page 73	Public Health Outcomes Framework
Ageing Well Older People & the Community	Social Isolation and Loneliness	Page 79	SMBC: <u>Social Isolation and Loneliness in</u> <u>Solihull</u>
	Carers 2011	Page 77	SMBC: <u>Carers Needs Assessment 2017</u>
	Older People Living Alone 2011	Page 80	ONS: <u>Census 2011</u>

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	Satisfaction with Place to Live 2018	Page 82	SMBC Place Survey 2018
Sustainable & Healthy	Community Cohesion 2018	Page 82	SMBC Place Survey 2018
Places Communities	Aspects of Local Neighbourhood that Definitely Need Improving 2018	Page 82	SMBC Place Survey 2018
	Volunteering 2018	Page 82	SMBC Place Survey 2018
	Housing Tenure 2011	Page 83	ONS: <u>Census 2011</u>
Sustainable & Healthy Places Housing	Housing Affordability 2017	Page 85	Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government: <u>Live tables on affordable housing supply</u>
	Overcrowding 2011	Page 83	ONS: <u>Census 2011</u>
	Housing Need 2018	Page 85	SMBC Housing Register 2018
	Homelessness 2017/18	Page 83	Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government: <u>Live tables on homelessness</u>
Sustainable & Healthy Places Environment & Transport	IMD Living Environment 2015	Page 86	Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government: English indices of deprivation 2015
	Green Space in Solihull 2018	Page 86	SMBC
	Air Quality Mortality 2016	Page 87	Public Health Outcomes Framework

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Sustainable & Healthy Places Environment & Transport	CO2 Emissions 2016	Page 86	Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy: <u>Local authority and regional carbon dioxide emissions 2005-2016</u>
	Care Ownership in Solihull 2011	Page 88	ONS: <u>Census 2011</u>
	Travel to Work in Solihull 2011	Page 88	ONS: <u>Census 2011</u>
	Safety After Dark 2018	Page 88	SMBC Place Survey 2018
Sustainable & Healthy Places Safer Communities	Victims of Crime in Solihull 2016/17	Page 91	West Midlands Police: <u>Safer Solihull Strategic</u> <u>Assessment 2018</u>
	First time Offending 2017	Page 90	Public Health Outcomes Framework
	Domestic Abuse Prevalence 2018	Page 92	SMBC: <u>Domestic Abuse Needs Assessment</u>

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